## <u>Overview of</u> Future ESA EO Missions

Maria Adams, Head of Future Missions – NERC/BNSC 'Leading a Successful Space Project' CEOI Training Workshop – 3<sup>rd</sup> June 2008

BNSC

# Content

- 1. BNSC partnership and Interactions with ESA
- 2. ESA near-future mission opportunities
  - EO Envelope Programme
  - Meteorological Programmes
  - GMES Space Component Programme
- 3. Summary

## **BNSC** Partnership



#### **ESA Structure – BNSC EO representation**



## Involvement of UK in ESA EO programmes

- TODAY, the UK participates in a number of ESA's EO programmes:
  - EOEP 3 (ERS & ENVISAT),
  - Meteorological programmes (MetOp, MSG)
  - GMES Space Component Programme
  - EarthWatch GMES Service Elements
  - access to data from Third Party Missions out of Earthnet
- ....TOMORROW, ESA's EO programme builds on
  - 3 key programmes (C-Min 2008):
    - GMES Space Component,
    - Meteosat Third Generation,
    - Climate Change
    - Including Earthnet Activities (TPM & LTDP)



### Earth Observation Envelope Programme (EOEP)

- This programme forms the backbone to ESA's EO activities with the development primarily, of science missions but also pre-operational Earth Watch missions (e.g: EUMETSAT and GMES)
- ➤ This is a rolling programme carried out in programmatic periods of generally 5 years. EOEP3(2008-2012) ~ 1.3Bn€

#### > EOEP is science-led.

- Science challenges are set out in ESA's Science strategy\*
- > ~60% allocated to implementation of science missions
- Selection of Earth Explorer missions undertaken by the Earth Science Advisory Committee (ESAC)
- Mission Advisory Group behind the implementation of each mission
- Support to Science Elements (new mission concepts and novel observations and applications)
- EOEP also supports Instrument pre-development activities (Long Lead Items up to TRL 5 on selected missions) – strong relationship with previous TRP and GSTP activities
- NERC is currently financially committed to EOEP and regards the programme as its primary means for procuring new missions/data.

<sup>6</sup><u>The Changing Earth – New Scientific Challenges for ESA's Living Planet Programme</u>' (ESA SP-1304 - July 2006)



### **Earth Observation Envelope Programme**

#### EOEP-3 is the 3rd phase of EOEP covering the period 2008 - 2012



#### Programme covers

- 2 Earth Explorer missions (incl. Earthcare) and preparation for 3rd
- Continuity of mission operations including ERS-2 to 2008 and ENVISAT to 2010
- -'Evolution' of the ground segment and exploitation of data products
- Support to Earth Watch pre-operational mission development (incl. Eumetsat MTG and Post-EPS, completion of GMES pre-development)
- Future instrument development



### **EOEP: Earth Explorer 7 missions**

>The six missions under Pre-Phase A studies, as ranked by ESAC, are:

- BIOMASS terrestrial **BIOMASS** observation TRAQ
  - **TR**oposphere composition and **A**ir **Q**uality
  - PRocess Exploration through Measurements of Infrared and millimetre-wave Emitted Radiation PRFMIFR
  - FLEX FLuoresence Explorer Mission
- A-SCOPE Advanced Space Carbon and Climate Observation of Planet Earth
- CoReH2O **Cold Region Hydrology High-resolution Observatory**

Down-selection to 3 missions for Phase A studies at February 2009 PBEO meeting, upon recommendations by ESAC

- $\succ$  ultimately down-selected to one mission for implementation (in principle)
- > No timetable in place for next call for missions (EE8)



# Meteorological Programmes

- Future programmes to focus on continuity of European Polar System (Metop) & Meteosat series (MSG)
- Successful partnership & financial model: Eumetsat sets the user requirements and contracts ESA to provide the series of operational satellites – ESA funds the first satellite mission (R&D activities)
- DIUS interests via ESA, with Met Office via EUMETSAT
- <u>MTG B/C/D/E1</u> (2008 2015)
  - Total programme costs: ~3Bn€; EOEP covers on-going pre-development activities,
  - Phase B/C/D/E1 funding (860M€) at ESA C-Ministerial in November 2008 -PBEO preparations are nearly finalised
- <u>Post-EPS B/C/D/E1</u> (2011 2019)
  - Phase A funding available under EOEP
  - Phase B/C/D/E1 funding at C-Ministerial in 2011



## MTG will provide continuity of EUMETSAT Services



### Global Monitoring for Environment and Security GMES

 'Global Monitoring for Environment and Security' is <u>a joint initiative</u> designed to deliver data and information services to underpin the development of EU environment and 'security' policy which is supported by a combination of satellite and in-situ data collection activities.

#### •the GMES Space Component Programme (GMES SCP)

- jointly funded by ESA and the Commission,

- this programme focuses on the **coordination of an overall space infrastructure for GMES**, to include national European infrastructure and capabilities, as well as, the implementation of the ESA GMES space component (**the series of Sentinels**) developed to meet the **service requirements set by the Commission**.

- Europe's space infrastructure contribution to Global EO System of Systems (GEOSS) - Group for EO (GEO).

•UK partnership interests - Defra have the overall policy lead on GMES, with DIUS increasingly taking a lead on the space elements - NERC and MoD involvement



### **GMES Space Component Programme**

- Total GMES programme ~ 2.3€bn
- Programme divided in 2 Segments
- Segment 1 : 1.23Bn€, ESA = 758M€ (2006-2012)
  - Phases B/C/D and launch of Sentinels 1A, 2A and 3A
  - Pre-development of Sentinels 4 and 5
  - Related Ground Segment Activities
  - Data access

#### Segment 2: ESA = ~1Bn€ at C-Min in November 2008 (2009-2016)

- $^{2nd}$  units of Sentinels 1, 2, 3 = 60% of costs
- Sentinel 4 (2 UV-VIS-Near IR instruments on MTG-S) = 188M€
- Sentinel 5 pre-cursor mission = 115M€ excluding instrument (UV-VIS, SWIR spectrometer, Dutch in-kind contribution)
- Initial Sentinel 5 instrument (UV-VIS-near IR-SWIR pre-developments = 5M€ launched on Post-EPS



# Summary: EO mission opportunities

- Near-term opportunities:
  - EE7: mission & instruments
  - MTG: mission & instruments
  - GMES SCP:
    - Sentinel 4 instruments
    - Sentinel 5 instruments
    - Sentinel-5 Pre-cursor mission and instrument
- Future opportunities:
  - EE 8, EE9
  - Post-EPS mission & instruments
  - Follow-on Jason-3, SMOS, ADM-Aeolus missions
  - Follow-on GMES missions TBD

## Positioning for future ESA opportunities: Key points

- Knowing the customer(s):
  - Importance of understanding user requirements at European level (science, operational meteorology, Commission operational requirements) and at national level (programme funders) and
  - Importance of developing close relationships with the relevant communities
- Importance of technology development/ establishing leads in novel technologies and industrial positioning with activities starting at TRP level, with seedcorn funding provided nationally (CEOI), and ultimately, implemented through ESA EO programmes
- Awareness of ESA processes:
  - Missions selection procedure for different programmes
  - Geo-return principle on ESA subscriptions : ultimately dictates European 'teamings' and potential roles



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