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## The Measurement and Monitoring of Fire from Space A New Detector Processing Technique

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## Abstract

This poster summaries a CEOI seedcorn activity to evaluate the use of low-cost bolometer detectors for fire measurement and monitoring from space.

Background to Global Biomass Burning


* Fires occur on all continents apart from Antarctica
* Satellite observations are the only method for wide-scale quantification
* Burned area and active fire signatures are used to make detections.
* Fires are responsible for a large fraction of annual carbon emissions to atmosphere (maybe $\sim 30 \%$ or more)
* Highly variable in space and time \& interannually.
* Cost of fire management is very high (billions \$ / yr) - much 'spotting' done by air.



## Fire Detection Approach

* Identify fires via their intense thermal emissions
* Utilise MIR window $(3-5 \mu \mathrm{~m})$ for fire detection as that is the region of primary signal.
* Smoke is largely transparent in $(3-5 \mu \mathrm{~m})$ wavelength region
* Signal so strong that fires can be detected at sub-pixel level.
* LWIR window ( $8-12 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ ) allows for discrimination of sun glint and TOA reflections



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## Bolometer Schematic



## ULIS Bolometer Detector Test Setup

Fire Environments

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - |  | \% |  |  |  |  | , |
| Estimated Radiance Signals |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Temperature } \\ & (\mathrm{K}) \end{aligned}$ | Peakspectral emissions ( $\mu \mathrm{m}$ ) |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 3.7 \text { Am } \\ \begin{array}{c} \text { Amplification } \\ \text { over background } \end{array} \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | Planck radiancefrom fire (W/m) | $0 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ <br> Amplification over background |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { No } \\ \text { solar } \\ \text { flux } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 15 \% \\ \text { solar } \\ \text { albedo } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| Background | 300 | 9.7 | 0.4 | 1 | 1 | 10 | 1 |
| Exothermic reaction | 550 | 5.3 | 146 | 360 | 130 | 94 | 9 |
| Glowing combustion | 825 | 3.5 | 1.556 | 3.900 | 1.400 | 252 | 25 |
| Cool forest fire | 1,000 | 2.9 | 3,591 | 8900 | 3,200 | 370 | 37 |
| Estimated Max $^{m}$ heat fire | 1.800 | 1.6 | 22,383 | 55,000 | 20,000 | 973 | 98 |



LWIR ULIS bolometer array (UL03041 $384 \times 288$ pixel)

* Derive the specification of top level science requirements and mission functional requirements for fire measurement and monitoring from space
* Undertake a MW \& LW infrared bolometer detector test programme

Evaluate the radiometric performance of bolometer detectors for fire measurement and monitoring from space based platforms

- Derive system concepts and identify appropriate design trade-offs

