CERA: The Coupled ECMWF ReAnalysis System

Coupled data assimilation

Patrick Laloyaux, **Eric de Boisséson**, Magdalena Balmaseda, Kristian Mogensen, Peter Janssen, Dick Dee





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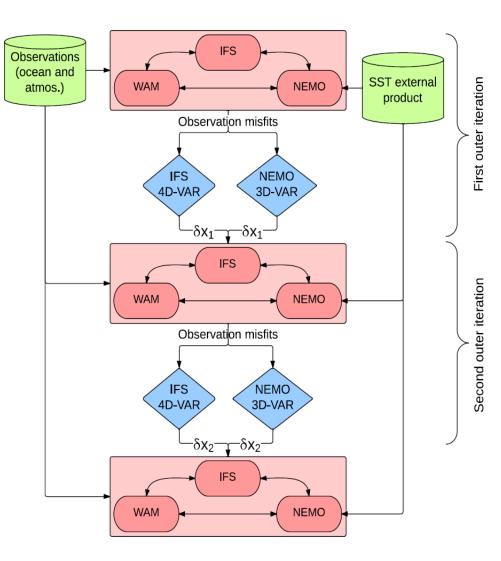
Coupled reanalysis: introduction

- **Context**: ECMWF monthly to seasonal predictions use coupled model with IC produced in separate DA system for ocean and atmosphere
- Issue: uncoupled IC unbalanced and far from the natural state of coupled model. Initialization shocks and drift

• **Purpose**: building a coupled atmosphere-ocean data assimilation framework to generate consistent climate system state for climate studies and forecasts

• Method: "weakly" coupled data assimilation, coupled outer loops and separate inner loops. No cross-model covariance used.

Coupled reanalysis: system design



Principle

Coupled model to compute observation misfits Increments computed **separately** and in parallel **Two outer loops** allow O-A communication **SST nudging** to control the model drift

Coupled model

Atmosphere: IFS 40R1 T159L91 Ocean: NEMO V3.4 ORCA1 with 42 levels 1-hour coupling in a single executable environment

Observations

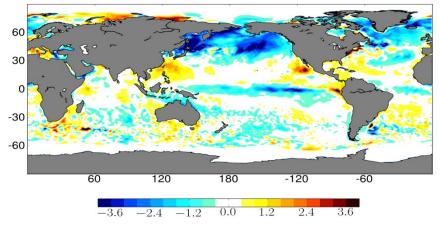
Atmosphere: conventional and satellite obs.Ocean: in-situ T/S profiles24-hour data assimilation window

Forecasts

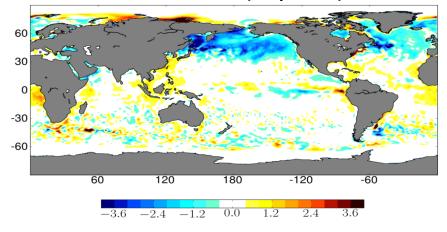
Short and long coupled forecasts

• **First test**: 2-month CERA run from 01/08/10 to 30/09/10:

Impact of the components of the CERA system on the SST bias (resp. OSTIA) for Sept. 2010

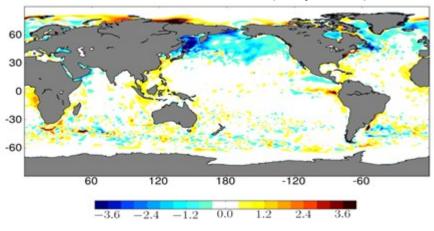


SST bias – free coupled model

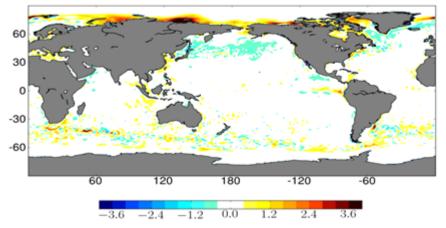


Atmos. assim. (coupled FG)

Atmos. + Ocean assim. (coupled FG)



Final CERA: O-A assim + SST nudging



• Comparison CERA system with operational-like system in terms of medium-range FC:

CERA system

Assimilation:

All ocean and atmospheric observations SST nudging (OSTIA)

10-day forecast:

Coupled model SST evolves freely within the coupled model

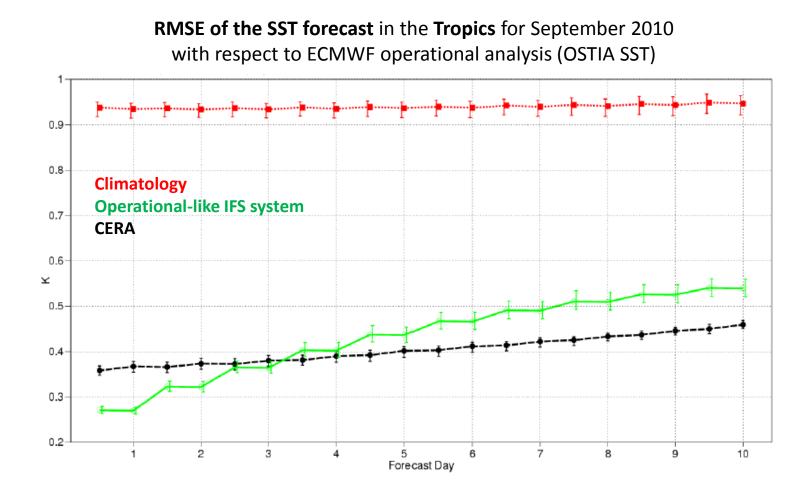
Operational-like IFS system (same IFS cycle and resolution)

Assimilation: All atmospheric observations Prescribed SST (OSTIA)

10-day forecast:

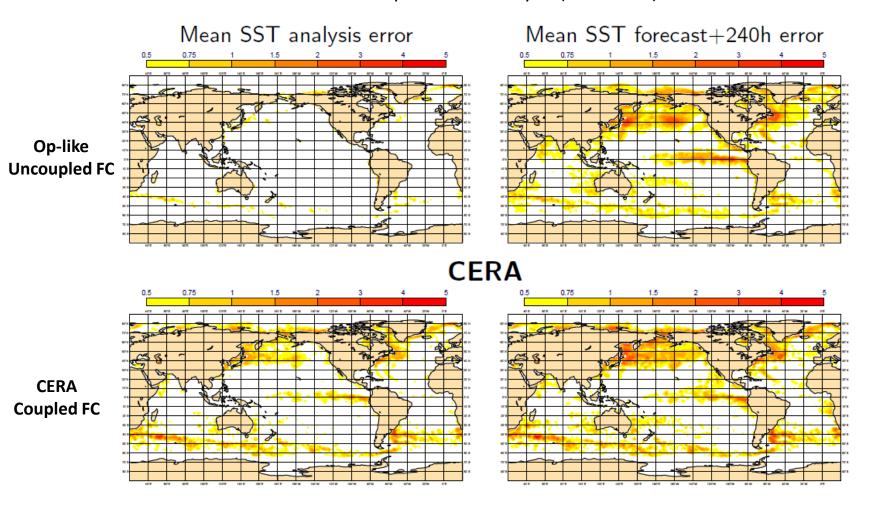
Atmospheric model Persisted SST anomaly along a climatology

Comparison for the 10-day FC of September 2010



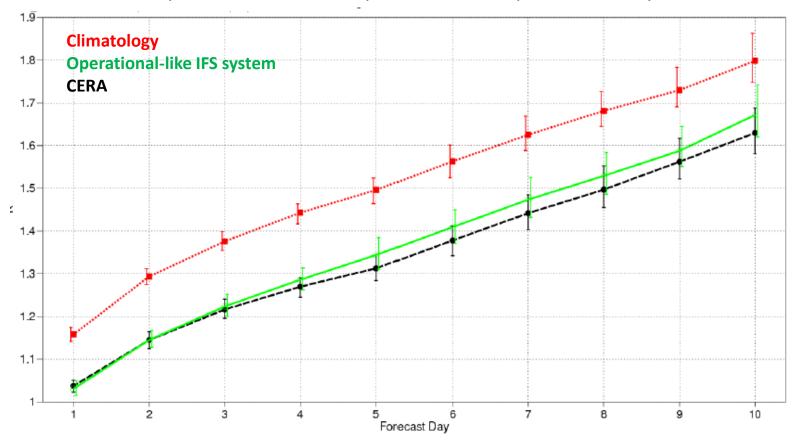
The coupled FC starting from CERA IC show slower error growth for SST than the uncoupled FC starting from Op-like system: gain of skill from day 3 in the Tropics

RMSE of the SST forecast for September 2010 with respect to ECMWF operational analysis (OSTIA SST)



Slower error growth in the Tropics, the N. Pacific and WBC

RMSE of the 1000hPa Temperature forecast in the **Tropics** for September 2010 with respect to ECMWF operational analysis



Gain of skill in the SST transferred to the atmosphere

Coupled reanalysis: conclusions

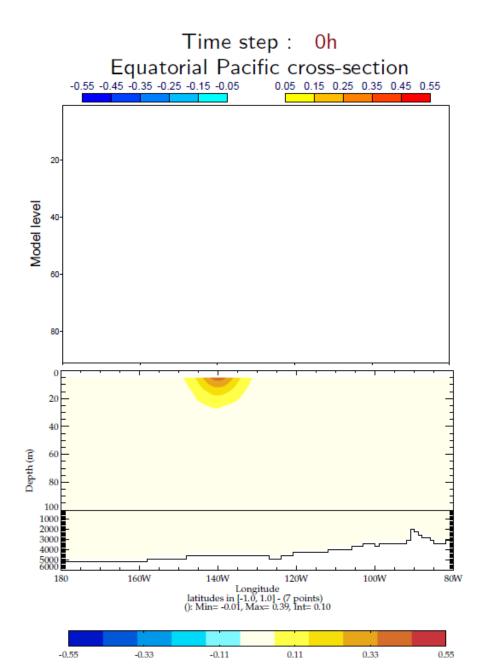
• **CERA** is the ECMWF coupled data assimilation system

• Method allows communication between atmosphere and ocean components during the production of the analysis

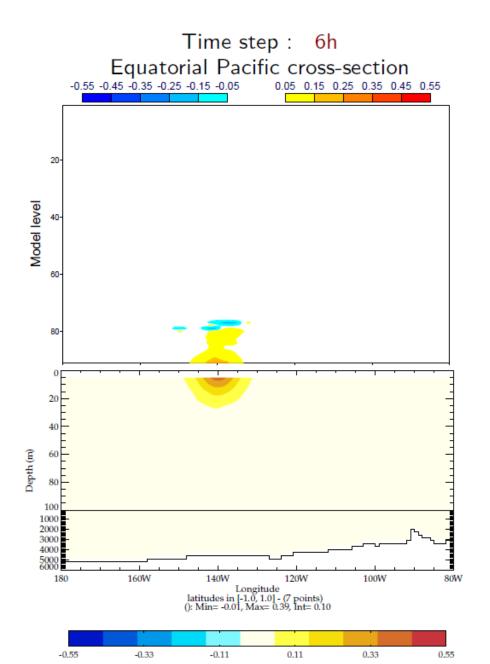
• Forecasts starting from CERA-IC show slower SST error growth than an operational-like system. The SST improvement is transferred to the atmosphere

• Next evaluation: how a coupled FC starting from CERA-IC would compare to a coupled FC starting from uncoupled IC?

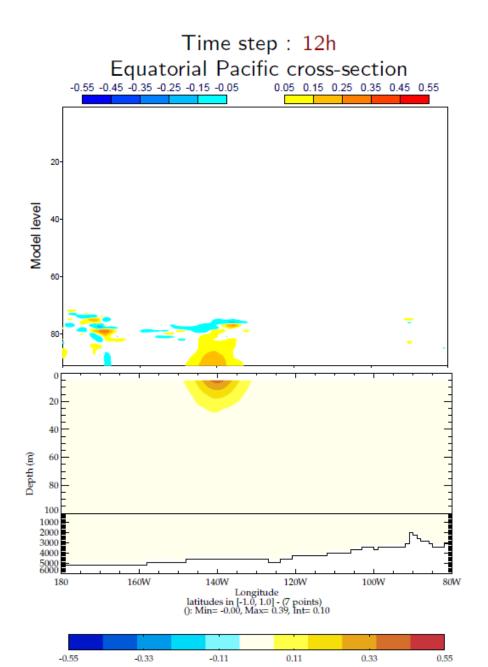
 Future: CERA will be used in the context of the ERA-CLIM2 project for the production of a 20th century coupled reanalysis



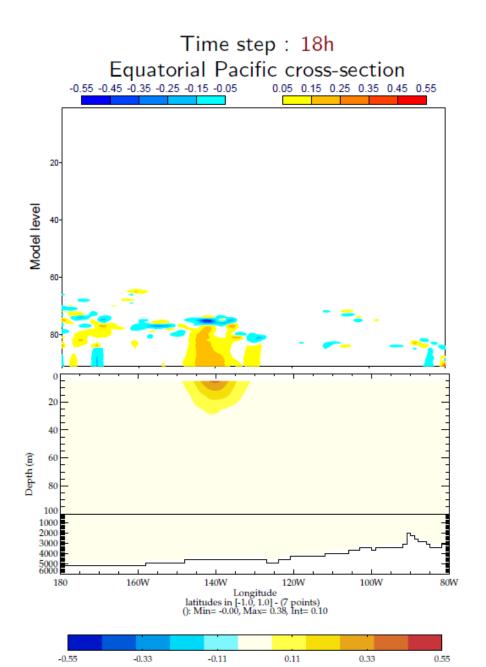
- Ocean single observation experiment
- No atmospheric assimilation
- No SST nudging
- One temperature observation at 5-meter depth (0°N,140°W) with an innovation of 3°C



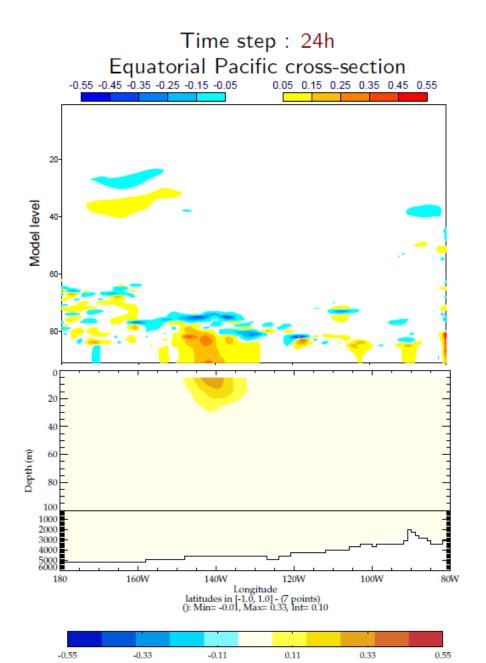
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- Ocean observations affect the second atmospheric trajectory
- Ocean observations affect the second atmospheric increment
- Ocean observations affect the atmospheric analysis