

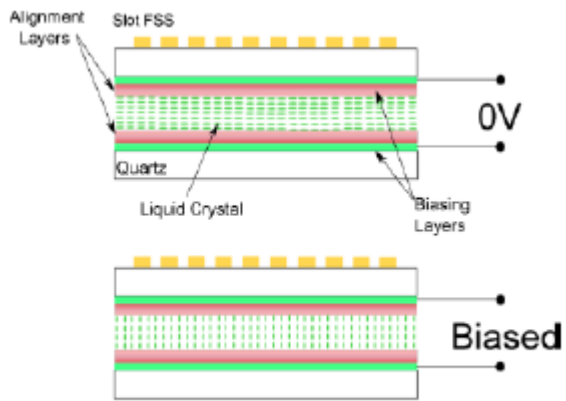
# Advances in Frequency Selective Surface Technology for Future Space Science Missions

Raymond Dickie, Robert Cahill

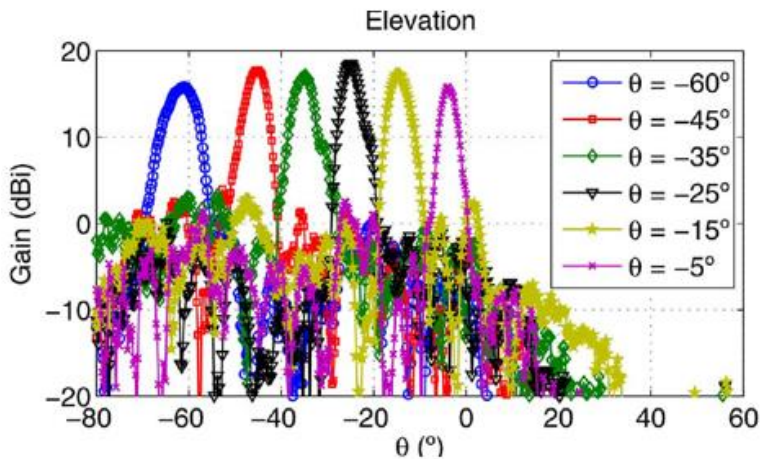
*Center for Wireless Innovation, ECIT Queen's University Belfast,  
Northern Ireland*

# Reconfigurable Technology

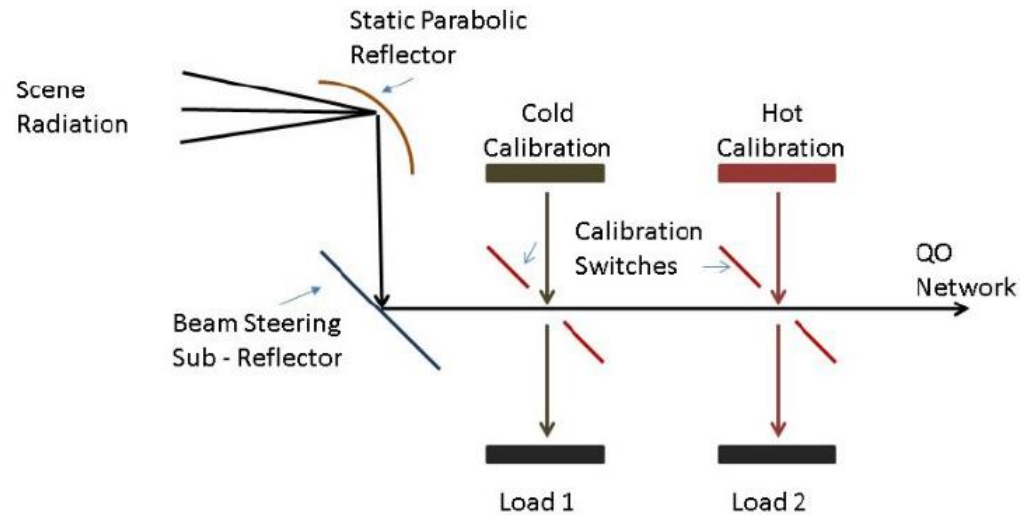
- New Electronic Switching Arrangement for mm-Wave Radiometer Calibration
- To provide a reduction in payload mass, footprint, power consumption and increase instrument reliability



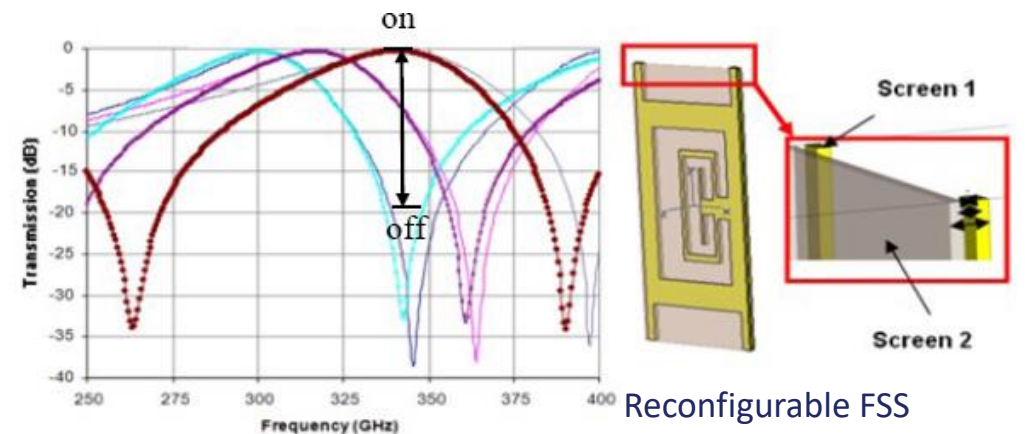
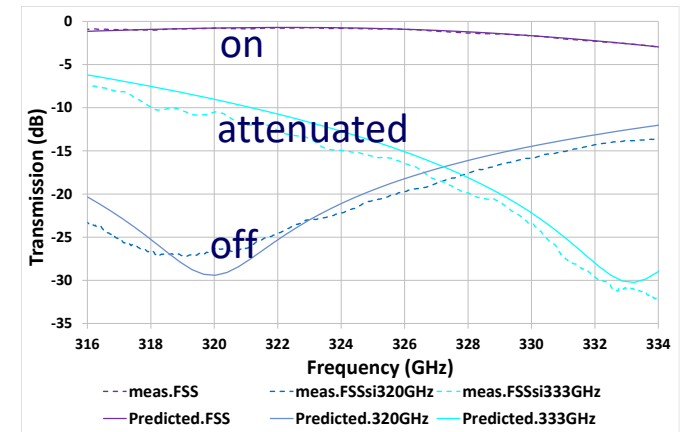
LC Reconfigurable Array



Measured elevation radiation patterns at several scan angles

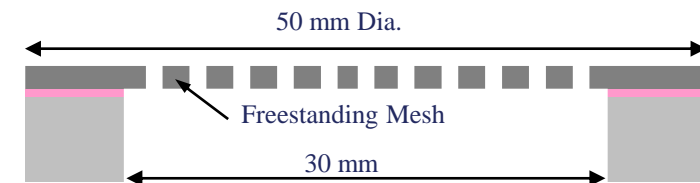
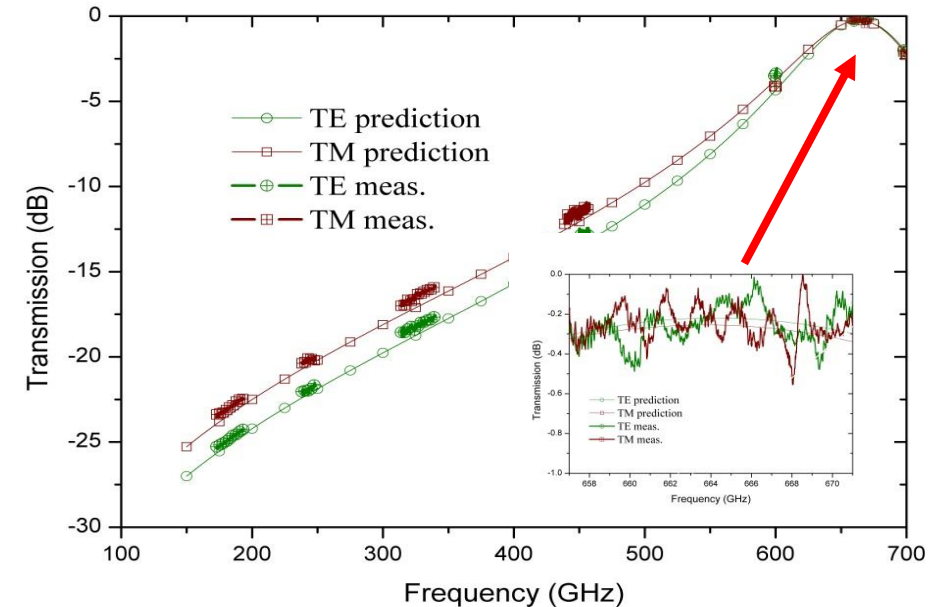
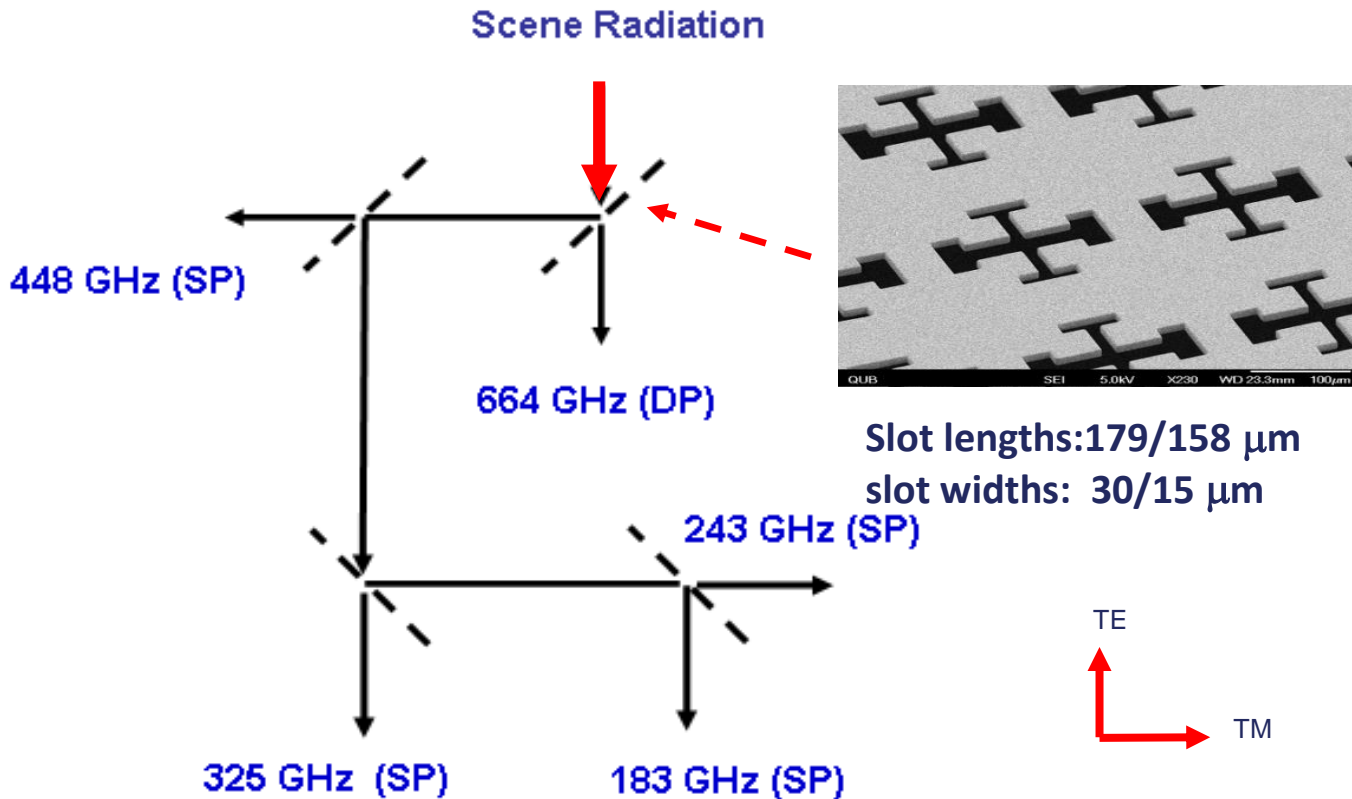


Transmission Measurements



Reconfigurable FSS

# Freestanding 664 GHz FSS



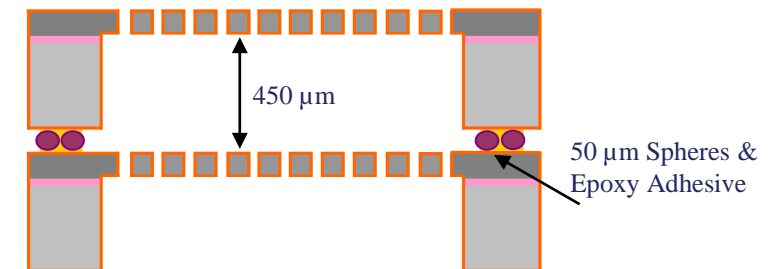
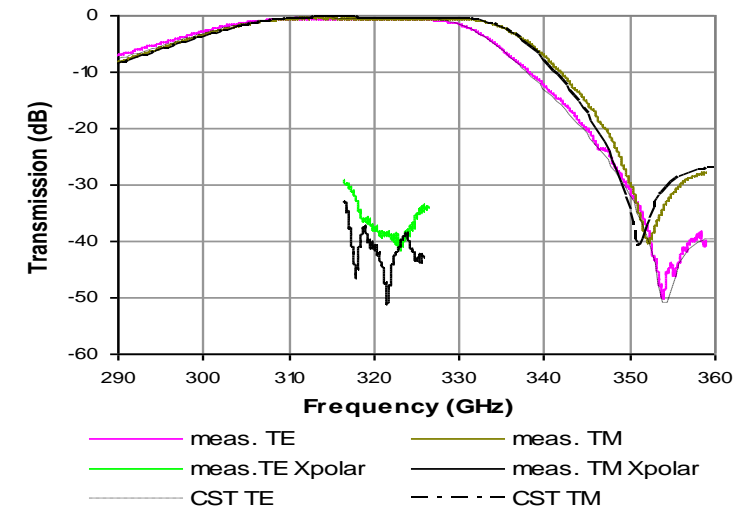
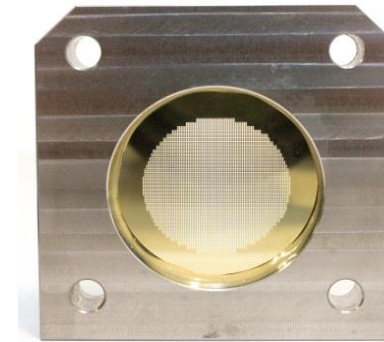
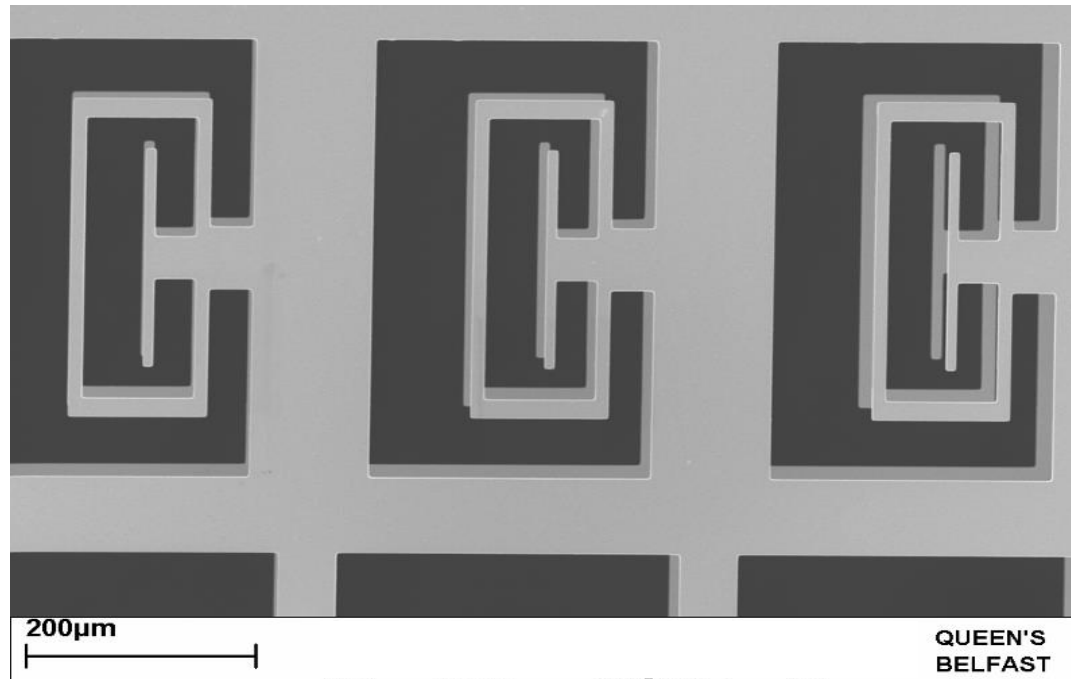
The filter specification satisfies the requirement for the MWI and CIWSIR/GOMAS spaceborne missions to separate the 664 GHz channel from four frequency bands in the range 183 GHz – 448 GHz.

# Freestanding Dual Polarisation FSS

SEM photographs of part of unit cells of the dual polarisation FSS

- Each 2 layer FSS is constructed using 5000 unit cells
- Manufacturing tolerances  $\pm 2\mu\text{m}$

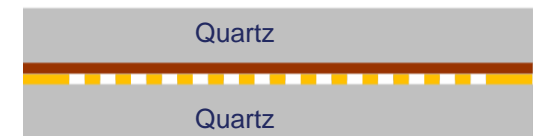
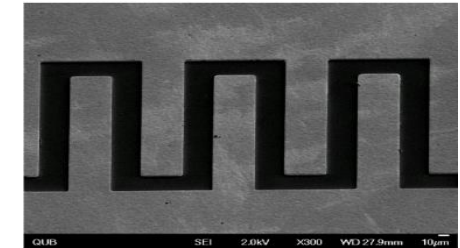
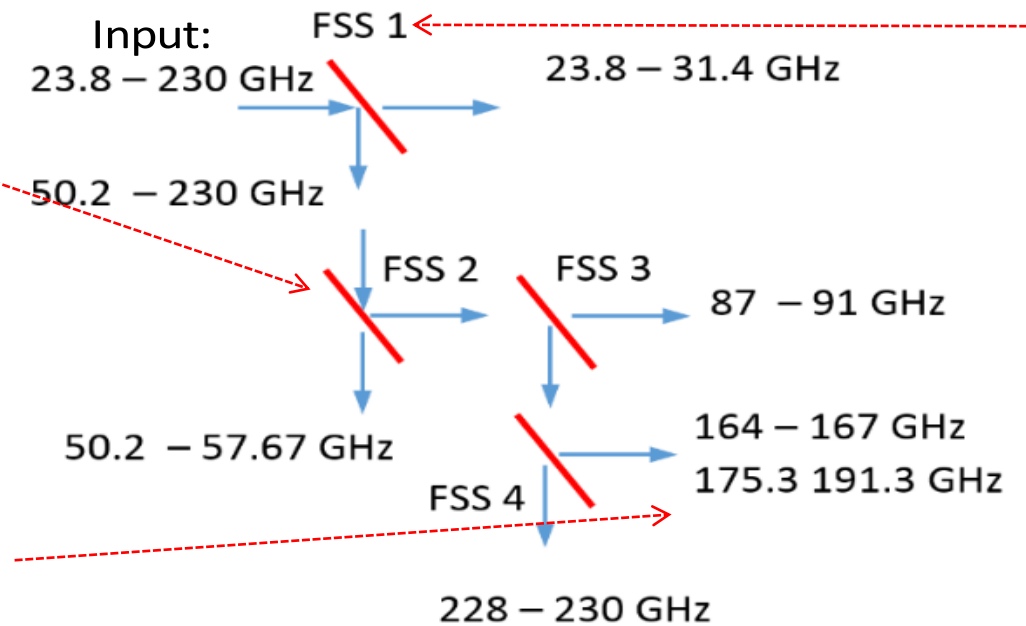
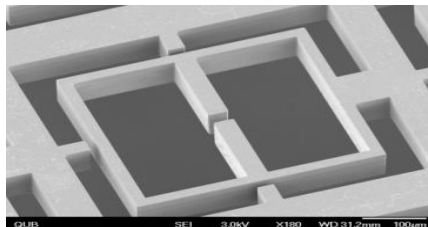
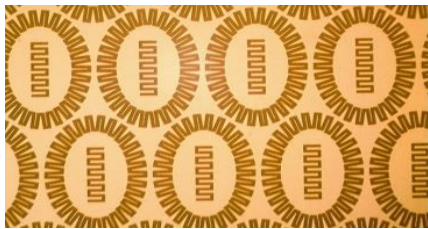
Transmission TE/TM: 316-326GHz  
Reflection TE/TM: 349.5-357.5 GHz



# Printed FSS – MWS Breadboard Radiometer

- Microwave Sounder Instrument, 23- 229 GHz

*derivation of temperature and water profiles and information on cloud liquid water for numerical weather prediction and climate monitoring*



# Acknowledgements

